

Ride, Pedal



or Walk



A comparison of on-site/in-facility transportation options.

In facilities that cover 250,000 sq. ft or more on one level, either indoor or outdoor, there are three popular ways for personnel and light materials to be transported:

- 1. Walking
- 2. Powered carts
- 3. Industrial Cycles (bicycle or tricycles)

This paper looks at the advantages and disadvantages of each method.



A popular in-facility transportation option (no the jet is not the one!)

Walking



Walking is free But you get what you pay for.

Advantages

- No initial start-up costs
- No maintenance cost
- No training necessary
- Presents no specific safety hazards

Disadvantages

- Highly inefficient
- Speed tends to slow during day
- Limited ability to carry tools or materials
- Discourages multiple trips
- Subjects walker to many hazards

Riding



Powered carts are quick and can carry heavy loads but they are expensive to buy and maintain while bringing hazardous materials into your facility.

Advantages

- Much faster than walking
- Effortless
- Handles heavy loads

Disadvantages

- High initial cost
- High maintenance expense
- Use hazardous materials (propane or batteries)
- Increased injury risk for riders or foot traffic
- Require special handling of fuel

Pedaling



Industrial cycles are far less costly than powered cart while eliminatating hazardous materials and noise, yet offer comparable benefits to power carts

Advantages

- Much faster than walking
- Reduces unnessary workplace noise
- Eliminates hazardous materials
- Much lower acquisition and maintenance expense vs. powered carts
- Environmentally friendly
- Handles heavy loads

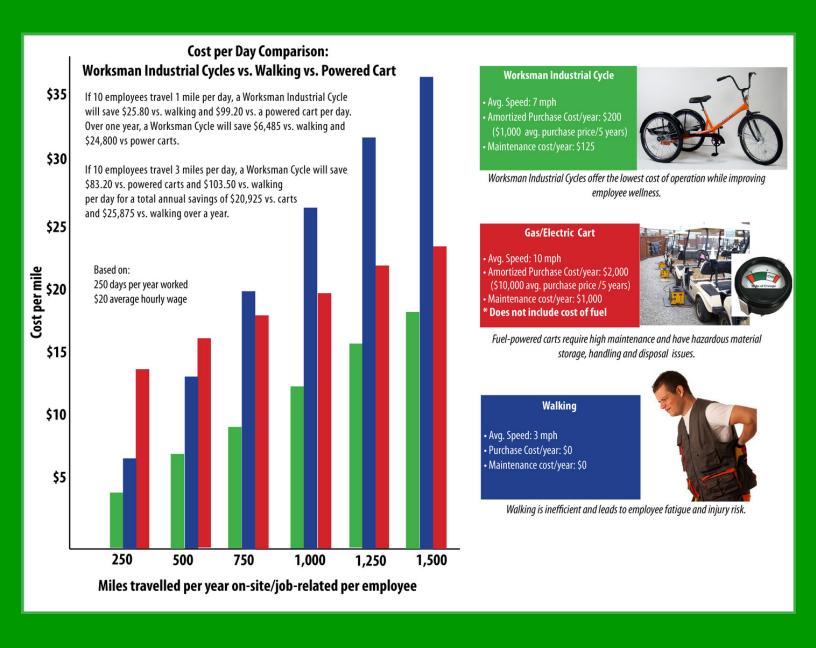
Disadvantages

- Not as powerful as carts
- Best used on flat floors/lots

Cost Comparison: Walking vs. Riding vs. Cycling

The chart below compares the cost per day of walking, riding and cycling. Factoring the purchase costs, maintenance expense, time spent and hourly wage, it is clear that cycling has clear-cut advantages over both walking and riding in a cart.

As you can see, even mid-sized facilities (500,000 sq. ft) can save \$8-\$10 per day/per employee by switching from powered carts to cycles. Compared to walking, the savings is twice as great, ranging from \$10 - \$20 or more per day.



Not all Industrial Cycles are the same.

Not all business cycles are created equal. "Dressed up" recreational cycles are not designed to withstand the rigors of daily use in demanding environments. Put simply, thick tires and a coat of Safety Yellow paint does not make a true Industrial Cycle.

When shopping for an Industrial Cycle, look for the following features:

- One-piece, hand-welded steel frame with lugs and/or gussets
- Machined steel axles with adjustable bearings
- .060" thick, clincher rims with 11 gauge spokes
- 3/16" chains and sprockets
- One-piece forged cranks



Gussets add extra strength in key areas



Extra-thick clincher style rims with massive 11 gauge spokes.





Machined steel axles with adjustable bearings. 3/16" chains and sprockets

Cycles for every application in your facility

Industrial Cycles come in a wide range of styles including front and rear load tricycles, single and two rider tricycles, quadcycles and super-duty bicycles.















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